Randomized Trials

Recruitment, Consent, & Retention for Vulnerable Populations

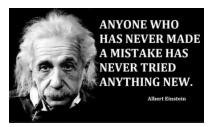


Insanity: doing the same thing over and over again and expecting different results.

PLAN!! Common (my) Mistakes

- · Too restrictive inclusion/exclusion criteria
- · Inadequate personnel budget
- · Unrealistic accrual rates
- · Not understanding IRB constraints
- Participant burden from many measures
- Not including the community/stakeholders

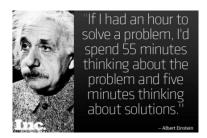
You Will Make Mistakes



Outline

- · Some Set Up Tips
- Recruitment
- Consent
- Retention

Plan Plan Plan Plan



Set up Tips

- · Patient/Clinical advisory board
- Sites
- DSMB
- Budget
- · IRB, Clinicaltrials.gov
- Measures

CBPR: A guide to success

 A partnership approach to research that equitably involves community members, organizational representatives, and researchers where all partners contribute expertise, share decision making & ownership.

Stakeholder Advisory Board

- · Highly recommend: budget to pay them
- · Need buy-in and champions
- · How to engage in workflow plans
- · What has worked and not worked
- · What messages work best
- · Starting to be required

Choose Sites Wisely

- · Working in off-site locations
 - Who is your CHAMPION?
 - Are they committed? What will they do for you?
 - Track record (prelim info needed in grants)
- Will your Co-I's WORK for you?

DSMB

- You create the DSMP (the Plan)
- DSMB (Board) Safety, stopping rules, and provide unbiased input about ethical conduct
 → you propose institute approves
- · Required for grant and publication
- · Help to get advice from people w/ experience

Budget

- · DO NOT over promise
- Use LOWEST n possible
- Use GREATEST possible recruitment time
- DO NOT under budget project management
- Do NOT under budget for subjects
- If multi-site, consider go > \$500K cap/year

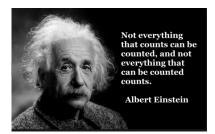
IRB Considerations

- · Site specific IRB requirements
 - Work with yours (others) before grant funded
 - Local approval can convince o/s IRBs
 - May consider meeting with IRB personnel

ClinicalTrials.gov

- · Register early, painful
- · As soon as obtain IRB approval
- Required by journals before 1st enrollment
 - Worst case: w/in 21 days of 1st enrollment

Lowest # of Measures & Follow-ups



Optimizing:

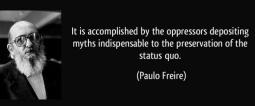
- Recruitment
- Consent
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Recruitment: Staff Hiring Key

- Hire carefully→ make or break recruitment
- · High emotional intelligence, charisma
- · Fluency in language/cultural
- · Willing/able to do what it takes
 - home visits, homeless populations
 - alternative hours
- · Study volunteers



Standardization: Be the Oppressor!!



Create a Written Protocol

- May be asked to submit for publication
 - Often different from IRB applications
- · Look for good examples:
 - Laura Hanson: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/27893884
 - Ask PCRC for other templates
- · Why pilot testing is so important
 - Revise over time

Data Collection Musts

- · Study Scripts and Checklists
- · Web-based systems w/ built in checks
- Obtain 2-3 close/alternative contacts at baseline (see retention)

Recruitment: Staff Training

- · Create study scripts
 - Standardize so maintain fidelity
 - Continuous improvement on what is working
 - Create a bank of "example situations"
- Create YouTube channel videos
 - Have new staff view videos
 - Must pass role play exercises 1st
 - Review 10% of recruitment

Recruitment: IRB Constraints

- · Find out your IRB/site constraints
 - e.g., new UCSF letter-only recruitment
 - What incentive amounts are allowable?
- · Plan for recruitment flexibility
 - Flyers, calling, in-clinic recruitment etc.
- · HIPAA waiver for screening
 - Up front screening

Recruitment Logistics

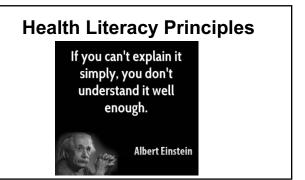
- Site constraints
 - -Who is your champion?





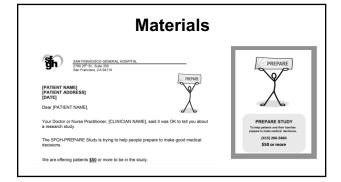
Recruitment Logistics

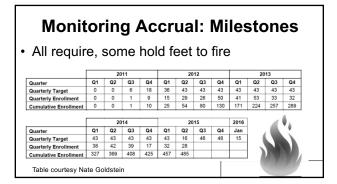
- Site constraints
 - -Clinicians don't have time to help you
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 - · Bypass at all costs
 - e.g., asking to give patients information



Recruitment Materials

- · All about marketing
 - Use color, logos, 5th-grade reading level
- · Permission & using doctor/clinic name
- · Letters versus opt-out post cards
- · In-person versus phone recruitment
- Incentives





Monitoring Accrual

- · Assign staff targets to reach
 - Document need by week, think about holidays
 - Be realistic, and then divide by half
 - Assign RA caseload, ownership model
- If not met, why? What are the challenges?
 - e.g., started with in clinic recruitment, wasting RA time. Cold calling bigger bang for buck

Accrual is Low?

- · Do you need to pivot?
 - Advice from stakeholder advisory group
 - Is your inclusion/exclusion too restrictive?
 - Alternative approaches, dates/times
 - $\bullet \ \text{e.g., elderly populations working, grandchildren}\\$
 - Are your RA's burned out?
 - Update your written protocol & retrain

Monitoring Accrual Weekly

- Weekly meetings (database & automatic):
 - -# screened
 - -# eligible, # ineligible and why
 - # offered participation
 - # refused and why
 - # consented
 - -# withdrew and why



Optimizing:

- Recruitment
- Consent
- Retention

Health Literacy Principles

If you can't explain it simply, you don't understand it well enough.

Albert Einstein

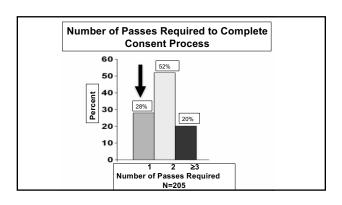
Informed Consent

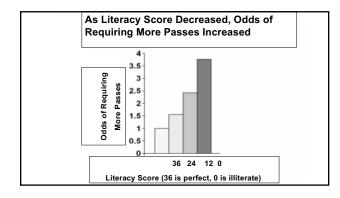
- Just because someone makes a choice does not mean they fully understand the meaning and ramifications
- · Need to confirm understanding

Modified Consent Process

- Consent form written at 6th grade reading level in English & Spanish
- 2. Read verbatim in English or Spanish
- 3. Knowledge assessment:
 - 7 true/false questions about consent content
- 4. **"Teach-to-goal":** repeated, targeted education until comprehension was achieved

Sudore RL, et al. J Gen Intern Med. 2006 Aug;21(8):867-73

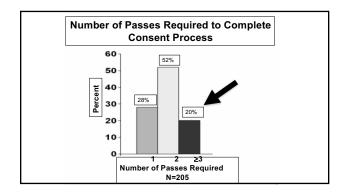




Consent Given in Non-native Language = More Passes

- All Non-native English speakers required > 1 pass
- Low health literacy + language discordant provider = poor ratings of doctor patient communication

Sudore RL, et al. J Gen Intern Med. 2008 Aug;21(8):867-73; Sudore RL, et al. Patient Educ Couns. 2009 Jun;75(3):398-402



Other Teach Back Studies

• MDI use & DC info: literacy is "surmountable" – MDI mastery: 21% 2nd pass, 10% 3rd pass 25% 2nd pass, 0.6% 3rd pass - DC info:

- Surgical IC at 7 VAs: "repeat back"
 - Improves comprehension 53%-70%, key risks
 - Pt reported better understanding alternatives
 - Takes about ~ 2.6 min longer

-Paasche-Orlow, et al. Am J Respir Crit Care Med. 2005 Oct 15;172(8):980-6. Fink AS, et al. Ann Surg. 2010 Jul;252(1):27-36. Prochazka AV, et al. J Patient Saf. 2014 Feb 11.

Palliative Care: Proxy Consents

- · Dementia, seriously ill or close to death
- Proxy's need to teach to goal as well
- Recruiting dyads
 - -Simultaneously consenting or referred

Optimizing:

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Retention: Review Your Methods

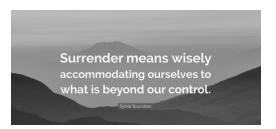
- Decrease response burden, smallest # of items
- · Keep follow-up's to a minimum
- · Review study scripts and RA's experience
- · Switch to a different RA caseload
- · Send reminder letters
- · Check if contact info has changed
- · Follow up with alternative contacts

Retention: Are Participants Engaged?

- · Using an active control: all get something
- Incentives
- Remind of the importance (letters, postcards)
- Personal relationships, RA caseloads
- · Thank frequently



Who are you accommodating?



Retention: Accommodating

- · Accommodate THEIR schedule
- · Home visits, Clinic visits,
- · Seriously ill, engage the family and caregivers
- · Consider proxy measures if needed
- Offer to skip a follow-up, permission to contact for next

Allow Them an Out



Questions?

Do you know about any RCTs that provide evidence that we should use RCTs?



